Canada GEOTRACES 2012-2013

- Many manuscript published already from the 2009 Geotraces cruise in the Beaufort Sea
- GEOTRACES_CCAR proposal funded: <u>Biogeochemical and tracer study of a rapidly changing Arctic Ocean</u>.
 R. Francois plus 20 others (~\$5,000,000 for 5 years)
 2 cruises in the Arctic in 2015.
- The renewal of the Line P iron program
 collaboration UBC (Vancouver) UVic (Victoria) & DFO (Sydney).
 3cruises a year (February, May and August)

University of British Columbia Workshop, May 2 - 4, 2012

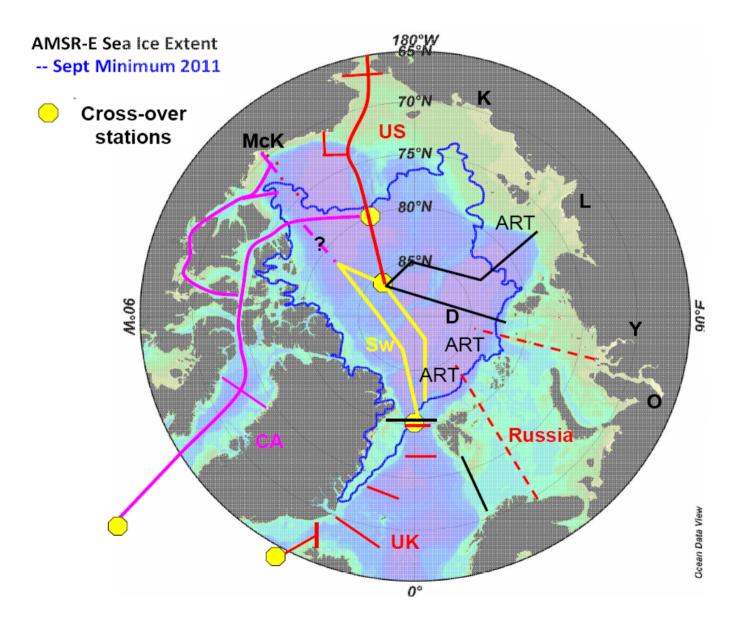
- 40 university & government scientists (Canada, US, UK, Germany, Sweden and Russia)
- to plan the details of a pan-Arctic international GEOTRACES field campaign in 2015 involving 7 different countries
- study the crucial connection between the Pacific and Atlantic Ocean through the Canadian Arctic Archipelago

Canadian Arctic GEOTRACES_CCAR Francois + 20 others + 6 DFO collaborators

Biogeochemical & tracer study of a rapidly changing

Arctic Ocean

Proposed 2015 international Arctic GEOTRACES program. RED (US, UK, Russia), MAGENTA (Canada), YELLOW (Sweden), and BLACK (Germany).



2 cruises planned, back to back summer/fall 2015:

aboard R.V. Amundsen, ~ 9 weeks, ~ starts late July)

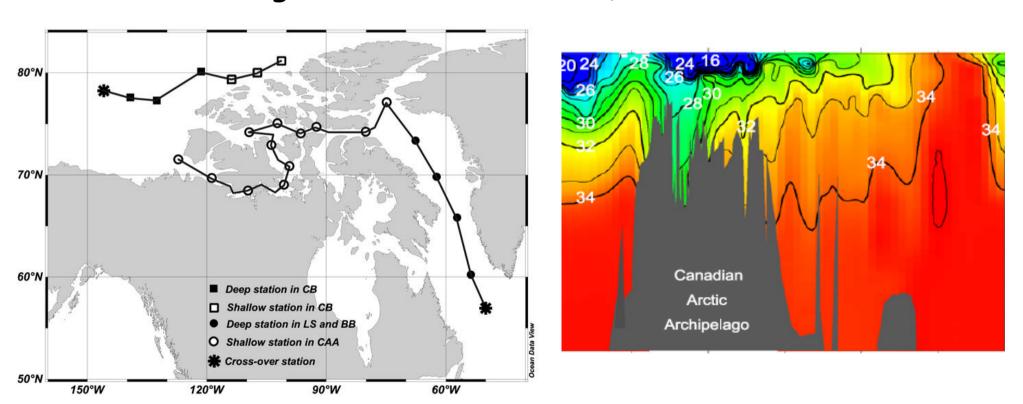
- Labrador Sea CAA cruise (32 berths, 6 weeks) (in collaboration w/ DFO C3O Program)
- Canada Basin (in collaboration Arctic Net Program) (10 berths, 3 weeks)

The multi-disciplinary CAA project augments the core GEOTRACES measurements by:

- (1) developing novel water & circulation tracers to monitor future circulation changes in the CAA,
- (2) assessing the effect of ocean acidification on metal speciation, bioavailability and toxicity
- (3) documenting the effect of TEs on primary and secondary production & trace gas emissions in the CAA, and
- (4) integrating physical, biological and chemical parameters into a numerical model (NEMO+PISCES, Bopp et al., 2005) to predict changes in circulation & productivity in the CAA, their consequences in the N. Atlantic, and globally

TEIs measured at

- 5 deep stations in the Canada Basin (2 coincide with the JOIS moorings location)
- 12 shallow stations in the CAA,
- 6 deep stations in Baffin Bay and the Labrador Sea (one station coinciding with station BRAVO)



Diamonds: shallow stat.; Circles: deep stat.; Stars: deep cross-over intercalibration

5 THEMES

- Theme 1. Water mass structure and circulation
- Theme 2. Essential and Toxic Elements
- Theme 3. Nutrient distributions, biological production, carbon sequestration and climate-active gas fluxes
- Theme 4. Biological and chemical consequences of ocean acidification
- Theme 5. Synthesis and modeling (S. Allen, UBC; P. Myers, U. Alberta; N. Steiner, CCCMA)

THEME 1

Water mass structure and circulation

GEOTRACES core measurements in red

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Hydrography (DFO, ArcticNet)
230Th, 231Pa (R. Francois; UBC)
129 I & 137 Cs (J. N. Smith; BIO)
Nd isotopes (C. Holmden, U. Saskatchewan; R. Francois, UBC)
Pb isotopes (K. Orians; UBC & B. Bergquist, U. of T.)
Cr isotopes (C. Holmden, U. Saskatchewan)
δ180<sub>H20</sub> δ13C<sub>DTC</sub> and Ba (A. Mucci, McGill; Thomas, Dalhousie)
ALK, (Mucci, McGill)
trace elements with strong Atlantic-Pacific gradients
(Cd, Aq)
cDOM (C. Geguen; U. Trent)
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THEME 2 Essential and Toxic Elements

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Fe, Zn, Cu, Cd (J. Cullen, Uvic)
Pb, Hg, MeHg (F. Wang; U. Manitoba)
Cr (C. Holmden, U. Saskatchewan)
Al, Mn (K. Orians, UBC)
Pb isotopes (K. Orians; UBC & B. Bergquist, U. of T.)
Nd isotopes (C. Holmden, U. Saskatchewan; R.
            Francois, UBC)
Ra isotopes (H. Thomas, Dalhousie U.)
Organic complexation (A. Ross, IOS/Uvic)
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THEME 3

Nutrient distributions, biological production, carbon sequestration and climate-active gas fluxes

- pCO2, CH4, DMS, N2O, O2/Ar (Tortell, UBC; Thomas, Dal)
- triple O isotopes (R. Hamme, U. Vic.)
- DIC, ALK, pH, d13C-DIC (A. Mucci, McGill)
- 234Th (L. Miller; IOS; DFO)
- macronutrients & relevant stable isotopes (d15N-nitrate, M. Kienast; Dalhousie U;
 - Silicon isotopes, D. Varela; U. Vic)
- Fe isotopes (Bergquist; U. Toronto)
- phytoplankton pigments (Maldonado, UBC)
- N₂/Ar/Kr/Xe (R. Hamme; U. Vic)

THEME 4

Biological and chemical consequences of ocean acidification

pH, ALK, DIC, trace elements and isotopes, Underway surface sampling & depth profiles Manipulation experiments

- <u>Biota-trace element interactions</u> (Maldonado, UBC): Trace metal quotas of size-fractionated particles Rates of trace metal uptake (¹⁴C, ⁵⁵Fe)
- <u>Primary production</u> (Tortell/Maldonado/Varela): $(^{13}C, ^{15}N, O_2/Ar)$, Si uptake, C:N:Si uptake ratios
- <u>Phytoplankton biomass & sps composition</u> (Maldonado, UBC):
 Microscopy, HPLC pigments, flow cytometry
- -Photosynthetic competence (Maldonado, UBC)
- -Bacterial productivity (R.Rivkin, Memorial Univ.)

BioGEOTRACES

- -Proteomics, genomics (Maldonado, UBC; Rivkin, Memorial)
- -Trace metals in size-fractionated particles (Maldonado, UBC)

- Dissolved trace metal concentrations: <u>Fe, Al, Mn, Cu, Zn, Cd, Pb, THg (MeHg), Ag, Ba, Cr,</u>
- · Dissolved ¹²⁹I, ²³⁰Th, ²³¹Pa, ²³⁴Th concentration
- Radiogenic Pb and Nd isotopes
- N stable isotopes in nitrate, $\delta^{18}O$, Si isotopes
- Carbon stable isotopes in DIC
- Marine particles (R. Francois, UBC)
- <u>Aerosols</u> (B. Bergquist; U. Toronto)
- Ra, Fe, and Cr isotopes
- pCO₂, CH₄, DMS, N₂O, O₂/Ar, triple O isotopes,
 DIC, ALK, pH
- · N₂, Ar, Kr, Xe, N₂/Ar, triple O isotopes